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VILLAGE OF MER ROUGE, LOUISIANA FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2008

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Release Date

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Honorable John D. McAdams, III, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Village. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

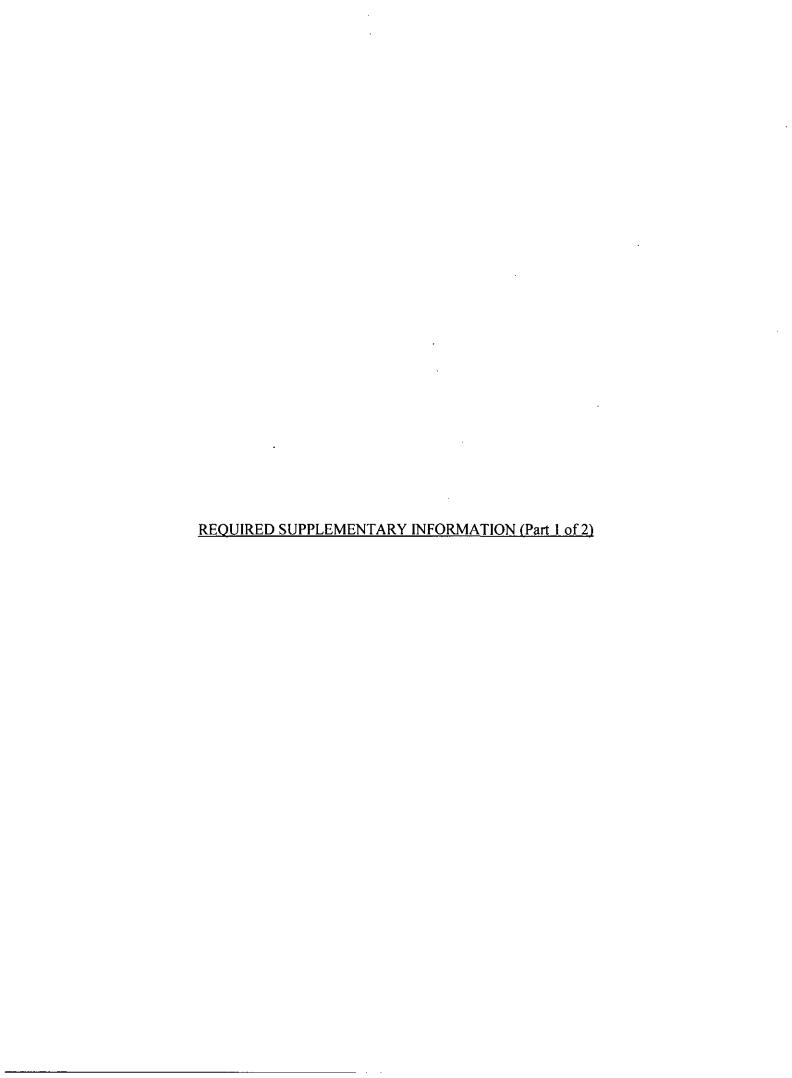
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 29, 2009, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. Management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedule, presented as required supplementary information, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the required supplementary information and express no opinion on it. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

/s/Hill, Inzina & Co.

April 29, 2009



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

As management of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2008. This discussion and analysis of management is designed to provide an objective and easy-to-read analysis of the Village's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances. It is also intended to provide readers with an analysis of the short-term and long-term activities of the Village based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Village. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the readers in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (approved budget), and identify individual issues or concerns of individual funds.

As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this discussion and analysis of management should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The readers of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and supplementary information that are provided in addition to this discussion and analysis of management.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements consist of the following components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements.
- 2. Fund financial statements.
- 3. Notes to financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, the Village also includes in a subsequent section of this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

1. Government-wide financial statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed by GASB Statement No. 34 to change the way in which government financial statements are presented. It now provides readers for the first time with a concise "entity-wide" statement of net assets and statement of activities, seeking to give the users of the financial statements a broad overview of the Village's financial position and results of operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or weakening. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the Village would extend to other nonfinancial factors in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The statement of activities presents information detailing how the Village's net assets changed during the most recent year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of this statement is to show the financial reliance of the Village's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the citizenry of the Village.

The government-wide financial statements report governmental activities of the Village that are principally supported by tax revenues. Governmental activities include general administrative, sanitation, public safety (police), and public works (streets) services.

1. Fund financial statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Village as a whole with major funds being separately reported.

The Village has two types of funds:

- 1. Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Village's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.
- 2. The proprietary fund is reported in the fund financial statements and generally reports services for which the Village charges customers a fee. The fund essentially encompasses the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the Village. Proprietary fund financial statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail.

As the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. A reconciliation from both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to the government-wide statements is provided to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

3. Notes to financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Village's combined net assets as well as the separate net assets of governmental and business-type activities were virtually unchanged between the two years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 except for the capital asset project completed during the current year.

The following provides a summary of the net assets (in thousands of dollars) of the Village as of December 31:

,	Governmental				Busin	-Туре						
		<u>Acti</u>	<u>viti</u>	<u>es</u>		<u>Activities</u>				<u>Totals</u>		
		<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>		2008		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>
Current and other assets	\$	856	\$	822	\$	363	\$	364	\$	1,219	\$	1,186
Capital assets		373		406	_	1,733	_	1,503	_	2,106	_	1,909
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,229	\$	1,228	<u>\$</u>	2,096	<u>\$</u>	1,867	<u>\$</u>	3,325	\$	3,095
Other liabilities	\$	<u>50</u>	\$	50	<u>\$</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>\$</u>	15	\$	67	\$	65
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets	\$	374	\$	407	\$	1,734	\$	1,503	\$	2,108	\$	1,910
Unrestricted		805	٠	771	_	345		349		1,150	_	1,120
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	1,179	<u>\$</u>	1,178	<u>\$</u>	2,079	<u>\$</u>	1,852	<u>\$</u>	3,258	<u>\$</u>	3,030

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Village's financial position. The Village will use the unrestricted net assets to meet the ongoing obligations to users of its services and creditors.

The following summarizes the Village's net asset changes (in thousands of dollars) between the two years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007:

	Governmental Activities 2008 2007		Business-Type <u>Activities</u> 2008 2007				<u>Totals</u> 2008 200					
Revenues:	<u> </u>	<u>000</u>	= 2	<u>/0 /</u>	<u>,,,,</u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	, = \	, , , ,
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	84	\$	63	\$	180	\$	178	\$	264	\$	241
Operating grants and	Ψ	0.	Ψ	05	Ψ	100	•		•		•	
contributions		17		13		_		_		17		13
Capital grants and		.,		13						• /		10
contributions		285		25		25		_		310		25
General revenues:		205		23		23				510		2,5
Taxes		299		284				_		299		284
Intergovernmental		1		20 1		_		_		1		1
Unrestricted investment				1		_		_		•		
earnings		29		33		12		14		41		47
Miscellaneous		2 <i>)</i>		<i>JJ</i>		2		2		3		3
Total revenues	\$	716	\$	420	<u>\$</u> _	219	\$	194	<u>\$</u>	935	\$	614
Total leveliues	\$	710	<u> \$</u>	420	<u> </u>	417	Φ_	174	49	733	\$	014
Expenses:												
General government	\$	183	\$	169	\$	-	\$		\$	183	\$	169
Sanitation		41		37		-		-		41		37
Public safety		163		135		-		-		163		135
Public works		16		3		-		-		16		3
Depreciation		32		36		-		-		32		36
Operating				-		277		258		277		258
Total expenses	\$_	435	\$	380	<u>\$</u> _	<u>2</u> 77	\$	258	\$	712	\$	638
Excess (deficiency)							,					
before special item	\$	281	\$	40	\$(58)	\$6	64)	\$	223	\$(24)
Special item	Ψ	5	Ψ	- -	Ψί	-	Ψί	-	Ψ	5	Ψţ	27 <i>)</i> -
Special none	_								_		_	
Increase (decrease) in net										•		
assets	\$	<u> 286</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>\$(</u>	<u>58)</u>	<u>\$(</u>	<u>64)</u>	<u>\$</u>	228	<u>\$</u>	24

The Village's total revenues increased by \$321,000 while the total cost of all programs and services only increased by \$74,000. The majority of the revenue increase was attributable to the receipt of community development block grant proceeds of \$285,000 in 2008. The Village's expenses cover a range of services, with more than one-third related to the provision of utility services.

General revenues are those available for the Village to pay for the governmental activities. For the year ended December 31, 2008, taxes were the largest general revenue source for the Village. Sales taxes were the largest individual tax revenue source.

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry. As a whole, they reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

Business-Type Activities

Operating expenses of \$277,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008 increased from the previous year's total of \$258,000 with the majority of the increase occurring in depreciation, repairs, maintenance, utilities, and fuel.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As of December 31, 2008, the Village's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$805,530, an increase of \$34,113 from \$771,417 as of December 31, 2007. The increase resulted from more revenues and less expenditures in the General Fund for the year ended December 31, 2008 than for the year ended December 31, 2007. The fund balance of the governmental fund is unreserved as of December 31, 2008.

Budgetary Highlights

The Village made amendments to its General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund budgets for the year ended December 31, 2008. Actual revenues of the General Fund of \$430,396 exceeded budgeted revenues of \$362,625 by \$67,771 while actual expenditures of \$401,963 were less than budgeted expenditures of \$424,415 by \$22,452.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

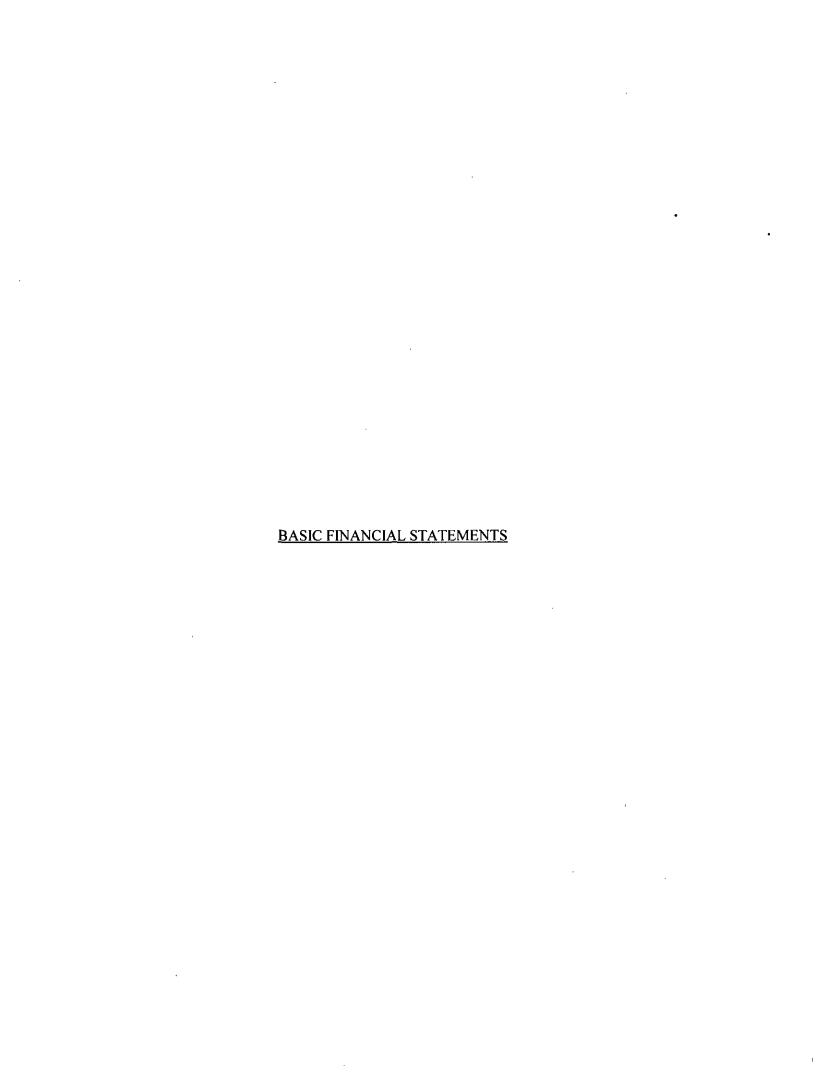
As of December 31, 2008, the Village had invested \$2.1 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, and water and sewer systems. The major capital asset addition made during the year ended December 31, 2008 was for a potable water project funded entirely by a grant.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

As the Village foresaw little, if any, change in operations of the General Fund for the next year, increases of approximately \$40,000 each were made in the 2009 budgeted revenues and expenditures in comparison to the 2008 budgeted amounts.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's financial picture for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Clerk, P.O. Box 238, Mer Rouge, Louisiana 71261-0238.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2008

ASSETS		vernmental <u>Activities</u>		siness-Type Activities		<u>Totals</u>
Cash	\$	160,379	\$	69,926	\$	230,305
Certificates of deposit		685,057		265,149		950,206
Receivables:						
Ad valorem taxes		11,146		-		11,146
Accounts		-		11,689		11,689
Restricted assets:						
Cash		•		3,452		3,452
Certificates of deposit		-		12,600		12,600
Capital assets:						
Land		44,990		20,110		65,100
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		328,781		1,713,755		2,042,536
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,230,353	<u>\$</u>	2,096,681	<u>\$</u>	3,327,034
LIABILITIES						
Payroll withholdings	\$	2,276	\$	1,193	\$	3,469
Deferred revenue	Ψ	48,776	Ψ	-	4	48,776
Payable from restricted assets:		10,770				10,770
Customers' deposits		_		16,052		16,052
Total liabilities	\$	51,052	\$	17,245	\$	68,297
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets	\$	373,771	\$	1,733,865	\$	2,107,636
Unrestricted	_	805,530		345,571	•	1,151,101
Total net assets	\$	1,179,301	\$	2,079,436	\$	3,258,737
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$</u>	1,230,353	<u>\$</u>	2,096,681	<u>\$</u>	3,327,034

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

			Program Revenues					
					Op	erating	C	apital
			Cl	harges for	Gra	ints and	Gra	ants and
		Expenses		Services	Cont	ributions	Con ^o	<u>tributions</u>
Functions/Programs:								
Governmental activities:								
Current:								
General government	\$	182,561	\$	73,987	\$	-	\$	-
Sanitation		40,702		-		-		-
Public safety		162,602		9,461		17,145		-
Public works		16,098		-		-		284,940
Depreciation		32,214						
Total governmental activities	\$	434,177	\$	83,448	\$	17,145	\$	284,940
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer		276,957		179,993			_	25,000
Total government	<u>\$</u>	711,134	<u>\$</u>	263,441	<u>\$</u>	17,145	<u>\$</u>	309,940

General revenues:

Taxes:

Ad valorem

Franchise

Sales

Intergovernmental

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Special item:

Gain on sale of capital assets

Total general revenues and special item

Changes in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Contributed capital asset

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Totals</u>
\$((108,574) 40,702) 135,996) 268,842		
<u>(</u> \$(32,214) 48,644)		\$(48,644)
<u>\$(</u>	<u>48,644)</u>	\$(71,964) \$(71,964)	
\$	47,994 25,172 225,827 360 29,853 597	\$ - - - 12,147 2,081	\$ 47,994 25,172 225,827 360 42,000 2,678
<u>\$</u>	5,179 334,982	\$ 14,228	5,179 \$ 349,210
\$	286,338	\$(57,736	
	1,177,903	1,852,232	3,030,135
_	284,940)	284,940	•
<u>\$</u>	1,179,301	\$ 2,079,436	\$ 3,258,737

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND December 31, 2008

ASSETS

Cash Certificates of deposit Ad valorem taxes receivable	\$	160,379 685,057 11,146
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	856,582
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Payroll withholdings	\$	2,276
Deferred revenue		48,776
Total liabilities	\$	51,052
Fund balance - unreserved and undesignated		805,530
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	856,582

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Revenues:		General <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		<u>Totals</u>
	\$	298,993	\$		\$	298,993
Taxes	Ф	66,560	Ф	-	Þ	66,560
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental		17,505		284,940		302,445
Fees, charges, and commissions for services		7,427		204,940		7,427
Fines and forfeitures		9,461		-		7,427 9,461
Interest and miscellaneous		30,450		-		30,450
interest and infsectialicous	\$	430,396	-	284,940	<u>e</u>	715,336
P	y ,		. X	2017/10	<u> 4 </u>	710,000
Expenditures:						
Current:	ø	102.561	φ		ው	102.561
General government	\$	182,561	\$	-	\$	182,561
Sanitation		40,702		_		40,702
Public safety		162,602		-		162,602
Public works		16,098		204.040		16,098
Capital outlay		401.062	_	284,940		284,940
	<u>\$</u>	401,963	2	284,940	<u> </u>	686,903
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	28,433	\$	-	\$	28,433
Other financing sources:						
Sale of capital assets		5,679		-		5,679
Net change in fund balances	\$	34,112	\$	-	\$	34,112
Fund balances - beginning		771,418	_	-		771,418
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	805,530	\$		<u>\$</u>	805,530

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2008

Total fund balance - governmental fund balance sheet	\$	805,530
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		373,771
Total net assets of governmental activities - government-wide statement of net assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,179,301</u>

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES December 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	34,112
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of activities are different because:		
The governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$284,940) exceeded depreciation expense		
(\$32,214) in the current period.		252,726
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets (\$500) is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale (\$5,679) increase financial resources.	(500)
the sale (\$5,679) increase financial resources.	7	500)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities - government-wide statement of activities	<u>\$</u>	286,338

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND December 31, 2008

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 69,926
Certificates of deposit	265,149
Accounts receivable	11,689
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash	3,452
Certificates of deposit	12,600
Capital assets:	
Land	20,110
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,713,755
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,096,681</u>
	,
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Payroll withholdings	\$ 1,193
Payable from restricted assets:	
Customers' deposits	16,052
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 17,245</u>
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	\$ 1,733,865
Unrestricted	345,571
Total net assets	<u>\$ 2,079,436</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,096,681

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Operating revenues:	
Water and sewer fees	\$ 179,993
Miscellaneous	2,081
	<u>\$ 182,074</u>
Expenses:	
Depreciation	\$ 85,576
Insurance	28,894
Office	1,262
Other	3,478
Payroll taxes	5,194
Repairs and maintenance	48,570
Retirement	8,769
Salaries	66,508
Supplies	6,246
Utilities and fuel	22,460
	<u>\$ 276,957</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$(94,883)</u>
Nonoperating revenues:	
Interest	\$ 12,147
Grant proceeds	25,000
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>\$ 37,147</u>
Change in net assets	\$(57,736)
Net assets - beginning	1,852,232
Contributed capital asset	284,940
Net assets - ending	<u>\$ 2,079,436</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	182,074
Payments to suppliers	(83,045)
Payments to employees	_(_	66,508)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	32,521
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets	<u>\$(</u>	31,573)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of certificates of deposit	\$(12,147)
Maturing of certificates of deposit		51,178
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>\$</u>	39,031
Net increase in cash	\$	39,979
Cash - beginning		33,399
Cash - ending	<u>\$</u>	73,378
	(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND (Continued) As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$(94,883) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 85,576 Interest revenues 12,147 Grant proceeds 25,000 (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 3.061 Increase (decrease) in payroll withholdings 617 Increase (decrease) in liabilities payable from restricted assets 1,003

Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 32,521

Non-cash capital activities:

During the year ended December 31, 2008, a potable water project was completed at a cost of \$284,940 and contributed to the Water and Sewer Fund from the Capital Projects Fund.

See notes to financial statements.

VILLAGE OF MER ROUGE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), operates under a mayor-board of aldermen form of government in accordance with the provisions of the Lawrason Act. Citizens elect the mayor (at large) and three council members (by districts) who are each compensated. The Village is located in northeast Louisiana, its population is approximately 375, and it employs approximately 10 people. As of December 31, 2008, the Village services approximately 380 utility customers and maintains approximately three miles of streets.

The Village provides general administrative, sanitation, public safety (police), public works (streets), and utility services.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this statement, the Village is considered a primary government, as it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Village may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. the ability of the municipality to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the municipality.
- 2. Organizations for which the municipality does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the municipality.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the criteria, the Village has determined that Sewer District No. 1 of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana, is a component unit of the reporting entity. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the primary government (the Village) and its component unit. The component unit is reported as part of the municipality and blended with the appropriate municipality funds.

Component units that are legally separate from the municipality, but are so intertwined with the municipality that they are, in substance, the same as the municipality are blended component units. For a component unit to be blended, the organization's board and the municipality must be substantively the same, or the organization must provide services entirely or almost entirely to the municipality.

Considered also in the determination of component units of the reporting entity were Sixth Ward Fire Protection District No. 1 of Morehouse Parish, Louisiana, and Mer Rouge Volunteer Fire Department. It was determined that this governmental and volunteer entity, respectively, are not component units of the Village's reporting entity.

The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of assets and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Village as a whole. The statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (a) charges for services which report licenses, permits, fees, fines, forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Village's services; (b) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (c) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The financial statements of the Village are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Village's reporting entity applies all relevant GASB pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Village's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide financial statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassifications or eliminations of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include services provided to Village departments. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary fund financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Ad valorem tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual are ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and water and sewer fees. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in the proprietary fund financial statement includes revenues and expenses related to primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for the proprietary fund are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues are classified as nonoperating in the financial statement.

Fund Types and Major Funds:

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - the general operating fund of the Village and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Fund - accounts for financial resources received and used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets not reported in the other funds.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - accounts for operations where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Board of Aldermen adopted annual budgets for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund on December 11, 2007. The annual budgets were prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by the funds. The Village Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated must be approved by the Board of Aldermen. Amendments were made to both budgets and the budgetary comparison schedule, included as supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements, includes the original and final budgeted amounts of the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Certificates of Deposit:

Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposits. Under state law, the Village may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

State law and the Village's investment policy allow the Village to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

Certificates of deposit of the Village are reported at cost, which approximates market value.

Receivables:

Significant receivables include ad valorem taxes and amounts due from customers for utility services. Un-billed utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered from the last date prior to the end of the fiscal year that meters were read to the end of the fiscal year are considered immaterial in amount and are not included in the amounts recorded as due from utility customers.

Uncollectible Allowance:

The statements contain no provision for uncollectible accounts. Village management is of the opinion that such allowance would be immaterial in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Restricted Assets/Liabilities:

Meter deposits collected from utility customers are restricted to payment of amounts owed to the Village and/or refunded to the customer upon the customer no longer utilizing the system.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Interfund Transactions:

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity that are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis are reported as transfers between funds of the reporting entity.

Capital Assets and Depreciation:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and water and sewer system), with useful lives of more than one year are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All other infrastructure assets (e.g., bridges, drainage systems, and similar items) are considered fully depreciated by the Village and are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building improvements	20 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15 years
Streets	40 years
Water and sewer system	20 - 40 years

Deferred Revenue:

The Village reports deferred revenue which arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Compensated Absences:

Allowable annual vacation and sick leave is prescribed by municipal ordinance, based on length of continuous employment by the Village, accrued on an employment anniversary basis, and accrued to specified maximums.

The Village's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follows:

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following approaches:

- 1. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- 2. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated a the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

No liability existed as of December 31, 2008 for accrued compensated absences resulting from unused vacation time at the end of the year and no liability was recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Compensated absences are paid from the fund responsible for the employee's compensation.

Equity Classifications:

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net assets and classified into two components:

- 1. Invested in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. Unrestricted consists of all other assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balance is classified as unreserved and undesignated as amounts are available for appropriation and not legally restricted for specified purposes.

Revenue Recognition - Ad Valorem and Sales/Use Taxes:

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied by the Village in September or October, are actually billed to the taxpayers in November, and are due and payable on or before December 31 of the same year or the unpaid taxes become delinquent. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Morehouse Parish. The Village's ad valorem tax revenues are recognized as deferred revenue when levied.

Sales/use taxes collected and held by other governments at year end on behalf of the Village and those collected by other governments and remitted to the Village within 60 days after December 31 for preceding months are recognized as revenue. The sales/use taxes are collected by Morehouse Sales and Use Tax Commission and remitted to the Village.

Note 2. Cash and Deposits

The following is a summary of cash and deposits of the Village as of December 31, 2008:

Non-interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 111,835
Time deposits	1,084,428
Petty cash	300

\$ 1,196,563

Under state law, the deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held jointly in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank and the Village in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

As of December 31, 2008, the Village had \$1,210,576 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits were secured from risk by \$376,148 of federal deposit insurance and \$834,428 of pledged securities held by the Village or its agent in the Village's name.

There were no repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2008.

Note 3. Ad Valorem and Sales Taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2008, ad valorem taxes of 10.13 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$4,814,845 as follows:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Date</u>
General corporate purposes	6.63	6.63	Perpetual
Streets	3.50	3.50	2011

The following are the principal ad valorem taxpayers for the Village:

		Percentage of	Αc	i Valorem
	Assessed	Total Assessed		Tax
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Valuation	<u>Valuation</u>	F	Revenue
Mer Rouge State Bank	\$ 469,510	9.75%	\$	4,756
Kennedy Rice Dryers, LLC	245,750	5.10%		2,489
Goldman Equipment, LLC	237,070	4.92%		2,402

Total ad valorem taxes levied were \$48,776. As of December 31, 2008, ad valorem taxes receivable was \$11,146.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, sales and use taxes of 2% were levied for police protection and any and all other useful corporate purposes. These taxes will expire June 30, 2014.

Note 4. Restricted Assets and Liabilities Payable from Same

Restricted assets of \$16,052 of the Water and Sewer Fund consists of meter deposits collected from utility customers. A liability of the same amount has been recorded for the payment of amounts owed to the Village and/or refunded to the customer upon the customer no longer utilizing the system.

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 for the Village is as follows:

Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:		Balance January 1, 2008	<u>In</u>	creases	<u>De</u>	ecreases	D	Balance ecember 1, 2008
Land	\$	44,990	\$		\$	_	\$	44,990
Capital assets being depreciated:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				===	
Buildings	\$	254,423	\$	-	\$	-	\$	254,423
Equipment and vehicles		388,188		-		28,202		359,986
Streets		3,150			_			3,150
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$</u>	645,761	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	28,202	<u>\$</u>	617,559
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	86,987	\$	8,712	\$	-	\$	95,699
Equipment and vehicles		197,042		23,423		27,702		192,763
Streets		237		<u>79</u>				316
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$</u>	284,266	<u>\$</u>	32,214	<u>\$</u>	27,702	\$	288,778
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>\$_</u>	361,495	<u>\$(</u>	<u>32,214)</u>	<u>\$(</u>	500)	<u>\$</u>	328,781

	Balance January 1, 2008	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance December 31, 2008
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:		•	•	A A A A A A A A A B A B B B B B B B B B B
Land .	<u>\$ 20,110</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 20,110</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Water and sewer systems	\$ 2,648,894	\$ 284,940	\$ -	\$ 2,933,834
Equipment and vehicles	<u>52,759</u>	31,573		84,332
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	\$ 2,701,653	\$ 316,513	<u> </u>	\$ 3,018,166
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water and sewer systems	\$ 1,191,840	\$ 75,393	\$ -	\$ 1,267,233
Equipment and vehicles	26,995	10,183		37,178
Total accumulated depreciation	\$1,218,835	\$ 85,576	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 1,304,411</u>
Total business-type assets being depreciated, net	\$ 1,482,818	\$ 230,937	7 \$ -	\$ 1,713,755
depreciated, net	Ψ 1,702,010	<u>Ψ 230,737</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ 1,/13,/33</u>

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities of \$32,214 is reported separately in the statement of activities in that the expense essentially serves all functions.

Note 6. Pension Plans

Some employees of the Village are members of Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana or Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System. These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the "System"):

Plan Description:

The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All participating employees of the Village are members of Plan A.

All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from Village funds and all elected Village officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least ten years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 35 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3% of their final-average monthly salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produces the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 925-4810.

Funding Policy:

Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.25% of their annual covered salary and the Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate in 2008 was 13.50% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include 1/4 of 1% (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Village are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Village's contributions to the System under Plan A for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$12,264, \$12,071, and \$12,671, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the "System"):

Plan Description:

All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement are required to participate in the System. However, persons employed as full-time police officers by a municipality which is mandatorily covered by social security and has not excluded its police officers from such coverage are not mandated to become members. Membership in this retirement system shall be at the sole option of the employee. Employees who retire at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service, or at any age with 25 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 1/3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of their final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produces the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 8401 United Plaza Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-2250, or by calling (225) 929-7411.

Funding Policy:

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary and the Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate varied in 2008 from 13.75% to 9.50% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Village are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Village's contributions to the System for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$5,577, \$4,846, and \$4,977, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 7. On-Behalf Payments for Salaries

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Village recognized revenue and expenditures of \$17,145 in salary supplements from the State of Louisiana paid directly to employees of the police department.

Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2008, there was no pending or threatening litigation involving the Village.

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. There were no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior fiscal years.

The Village occasionally participates in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Village has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of Village management, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Note 9. New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requiring the accrual of postemployment benefits for retired employees. The Village is required, if applicable, to implement this pronouncement for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009. The Village has not yet determined the full impact that adoption of GASB Statement No. 45 will have on the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Part 2 of 2)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Fina	iance with l Budget - avorable	
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	263,400	\$	247,400	\$	298,993	\$	51,593	
Licenses and permits		45,410		63,625		66,560		2,935	
Intergovernmental		17,880		17,900		17,505	(395)	
Fees, charges, and									
commissions for services		7,100	•	5,600		7,427		1,827	
Fines and forfeitures		7,000		4,000		9,461		5,461	
Interest and miscellaneous		16,000		24,100		30,450		6,350	
Total revenues	\$	356,790	<u>\$</u>	362,625	\$	430,396	\$	67,771	
Expanditures									
Expenditures: Current:									
	ø	101.510	٠	200 100	•	100 561	æ	17.540	
General government	\$	181,510	\$	200,109	\$	182,561	\$	17,548	
Sanitation		42,970		44,970		40,702		4,268	
Public safety		156,351		165,171		162,602		2,569	
Public works	_	14,165	_	14,165	_	16,098		1,933)	
Total expenditures	<u>\$</u>	394,996	<u>\$</u>	424,415	<u>\$</u>	401,963	<u>\$_</u> _	22,452	
Excess of revenues									
over expenditures	\$(38,206)	\$(61,790)	\$	28,433	\$	90,223	
Other financing sources:									
Sale of capital assets		1,000		5,700		5,679		21)	
Net change in fund balance	\$(37,206)	\$(56,090)	\$	34,112	\$	90,202	
Fund balance - beginning		658,912	_	771,418		771,418		-	
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$</u>	621,706	<u>\$</u>	715,328	<u>\$</u>	<u>805,530</u>	<u>\$</u>	90,202	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF MAYOR'S AND ALDERMEN'S COMPENSATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

The schedule of compensation paid to the mayor and aldermen is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the board members is included in the general government expenditures of the General Fund. The mayor and aldermen receive compensation pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute 404.1.

Name and Title	<u>Compensation</u>
John D. McAdams, III, Mayor	\$ 6,000
Marley Oldham, Mayor Pro-Tem	1,525
Daniel J. Ellender, Alderman	1,525
Tim Mitchell, Alderman	1,525
Total compensation	<u>\$ 10,575</u>

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable John D. McAdams, III, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Village's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2008-1, 2008-2, and 2008-3 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the significant deficiencies described above as 2008-1 and 2008-2 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Village's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Aldermen, others within the Village, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

/s/Hill, Inzina & Co.

April 29, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS WITH MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2008 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Internal Control

Significant Deficiencies Yes □ No Material Weaknesses Yes □ No.

Compliance

Material to Financial Statements □Yes ☑ No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2008-1 Inadequate Segregation of Duties (initial citing as of the for the two years ended December 31, 1987)

Criteria:

Adequate segregation of duties is essential to a proper internal

control structure.

Condition:

The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal

control.

Cause:

The condition is due to economic limitations.

Effect:

Not determined.

Recommendation: No action is recommended.

Management's response and planned cor-

rective action:

We concur with the finding but it is not economically feasible for

corrective action to be taken.

2008-2 Internal Control over Financial Reporting (initial citing as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007)

Criteria:

Management of the Village should have sufficient capable expertise to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America including the required supplementary information and related footnotes. Internal controls should be adopted and implemented to prevent, detect, or correct a misstatement in the financial statements,

required supplementary information, or footnotes.

Condition:

Although management of the Village does not actually prepare and draft the financial statements, required supplementary information, and the related footnotes, they do have the capacity and experience to oversee the process. They provide all of the information to be

included and they understand the presentation.

Cause:

The condition is due to economic limitations.

Effect:

Misstatements in the financial statements, required supplementary information, or footnotes may not be detected within a timely period.

Recommendation: No action is recommended.

Management's response and planned cor-

rective action:

We concur with the finding but it is not economically feasible for

corrective action to be taken.

Written Minutes of Public Meetings (initial citing as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007)

Criteria:

Written minutes shall be kept of all open meetings held by the

Village's board of aldermen.

Condition:

During the reading of the minutes for meetings held by the Board of Aldermen in 2008 and 2009, it was noted that the minutes were dated incorrectly, referenced incorrect dates of previous meetings, and did not include adequate documentation as to the dollar amounts of budget amendments.

Cause:

The Clerk who transcribes the minutes, begins with a template of the previous minutes and sometimes oversees inserting the correct dates and does not document specific dollar amounts of transactions approved by the Board of Aldermen.

Effect:

Incorrect and inadequate information is being recorded in the Village's official records and published in the Village's official journal.

Recommendation:

Minutes of all meetings should be correctly dated and include sufficient documentation of the Board's formal actions.

Management's response and planned corrective action:

The Clerk will exercise more care when recording the minutes and will include dollar amounts in the minutes where applicable. The Mayor and Board of Aldermen will review and approve the minutes.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Section I - Internal Control and Compliance Material to Financial Statements

2007-1 Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Adequate segregation of duties is essential to a proper internal control structure.

Unresolved - 2008-1.

2007-2 Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the Village should have sufficient capable expertise to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America including the required supplementary information and related footnotes.

Unresolved - 2008-2.

Section II - Management Letter

2007-1 Written Minutes of and Information Utilized at Public Meetings

Written minutes shall be kept of all open meetings held by the Village's board of aldermen to include but not limited to the substance of all matters for which formal action was taken.

Unresolved - 2008-3.

2007-2 Improvement of Controls over Expenditures

Management is responsible for establishing internal control policies and procedures that provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss resulting from unauthorized use and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization.

Resolved.

2007-3 Uncollateralized Deposits

Under state law, deposits (or the resulting bank balances) of the Village must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank.

Resolved.